

DEVELOPING POLICY AND PRACTICE FOR OLDER PEOPLE IN LONDON, facts and figures

[material prepared to accompany a discussion paper, August 2004]

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August 2004

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Population

1. **With a population of 7.35 million (7,335,400) in 2002, London is the largest city in the EU. Of this population 1.9 million (1,908,000) are aged 50 or over with over 1 million (1,031,900) over state retirement age (65 for men, 60 for women)**
2. **The majority (56.3%) of Londoners aged 60 or over are women.** This rises to 60% for Londoners aged 70 or more, 66.2% for Londoners aged 80 or more and 75.6% of the 38,500 Londoners aged 90 or more. (Source: ONS Mid-2002 Population Estimates).
3. **Over two thirds of older Londoners live in Outer London. Of Londoners aged 60 or over in 2002, 32% live in Inner London with 68% living in Outer London. For Londoners aged 85 and over the Inner London percentage falls to 29% with 71% living in Outer London.**
4. **London boroughs, in particular Inner London boroughs, have the lowest population percentages of people over retirement age in England and Wales.** Fifteen of the twenty English local / unitary authorities with less than 14% of their population over retirement age in 2001, are Inner London boroughs. [table 6] (ONS Focus on Older People)

Migration

5. **There has been a drift of older people away from the capital in the ten years from 1991 to 2001.**

In 1991 12% of older people in England and Wales, lived in London. By 2001 this had fallen to 10.8%. [Over the same period the percentage of the whole population of England and Wales who live in London rose from 13.5% to 14%]

Except for Bexley and Havering, (which at 20.3% in 2001 is the London borough with the highest percentage of its population over retirement age), all London boroughs experienced a drop in the percentage of their population over retirement age between 1991 and 2001 (Source: ONS Focus on Older People)

Excluding, Bournemouth, Brighton, Eastbourne, Worthing, Oxford and Cambridge, Portsmouth and Manchester the 24 English and Welsh local/unitary authority areas with the biggest percentage point drop in their proportion of older people (over retirement age), between 1991 and 2001, were all London boroughs. The largest percentage point drop in England and Wales was experienced by the City of London with a fall from 24.4% to 15.3% of total population, a drop of 9.1 percentage points. [table 7]

The fall in the proportion of older people in the population could have been caused, in part, by a growth in the number of younger people. Most boroughs have, however, experienced an absolute fall in their numbers of older people. The biggest percentage drop was experienced by Wandsworth, whose population over retirement age fell by 20.3% between 1991 and 2001. Fifteen of the twenty areas of England and Wales who experienced the largest percentage fall in their older population were London boroughs. [table 7]

6. Although the population of pensioners in London is projected to increase, it will not increase as rapidly as for the rest of the UK.

In 2001 14.4% of Londoners were over state pension age compared with 18.4% for the UK as a whole. This contrasts with 18.2% over pensionable age in 1981 which was higher than the UK figure of 17.9%. By 2021 the proportion of pensioners in London is projected to rise to 16% by which time the UK figure should have reached 22.7%. (Source: Focus on London, 2003)

7. Migration patterns are likely to change the make up of London's population aged 65 and over, with an increased proportion being of overseas origin.

Except for the 16-24 age group, London experiences net outward migration, to other parts of the UK, for all age groups including those aged 65 and over. The largest flows are to the areas of East and South East England near London.

Migration from abroad follows a different pattern. London experiences net inward migration from abroad for all age groups including those aged 65 and over. [table 8]

Work and income

8. Parts of Inner London experience high levels of pensioner poverty, particularly in the North East sector, Hackney, Islington, Newham, Haringey and Tower Hamlets.

The Help the Aged index of the proportions of older people living on income related benefits shows a concentration of disadvantage in the North East sector of Inner London for both the 65-74 and 75+ age groups. Five of the seven English and Welsh districts with the highest proportion of people aged 65 and over receiving benefit, are in this North East sector of Inner London.[table 9] (Source: Older people count)

After housing costs have been taken into account, 36% of Inner London pensioners are living in poverty compared with 21% for Outer London and 25% for England as a whole. The 36% Inner London rate is substantially higher than for any other region of Great Britain (Source: London Divided)

9. An increasing proportion of London pensioners are continuing to work beyond state retirement age.

At a time when the number of pensioners as a proportion of London's total population is falling, the proportion of the London labour force who were over state retirement age in 2002 rose to 3%, a figure comparable to the UK average of 3.1%. [table 10](Source: Focus on London, 2003). This implies that, in 2002, an estimated 109,800 of London's pensioners (10.6%) were continuing to work beyond state retirement age.

10. Inner London has the highest unemployment rate in Great Britain for workers aged 50 or over.

The Inner London ILO unemployment rate is 7.8% compared with 3.3% for Great Britain as a whole [table 11]. In London, in 2003, 13.6% of older people aged between 50 and state retirement age, were in receipt of incapacity benefit or severe disablement allowance. This is comparable to the rate for England as a whole.[table 13] This overall figure, however, masks large difference between Inner London (21.1% for men and 15.1% for women) and Outer London (12.5% for men and 9.6% for women). (Source: Older Workers: Statistical Information Booklet)

Black and minority ethnic groups

11. **Black and minority ethnic groups are likely to form a small but increasing proportion of London's older people but with huge variations across the capital.** Black and minority ethnic groups generally have a younger age structure than the white population. Nationally, in 2001/2, 16% of white people were aged 65 or over. This proportion fell to 9% for Black Caribbeans, 6% for Indians, 5% for Chinese, 5% for Black people (other than Caribbean or African) and 4% or less for each other ethnic group. [table 14]. This balance is likely to change in London as particular migrant groups age and as a result of the net inflow to the capital from abroad of people aged 65 and over. The ethnic minority population of London, aged 65 and over, is expected to triple between 1991 and 2011 (Source: Health of Ethnic minority Elders in London)
12. **45% of the UK's non-white minority ethnic population live in London including 78% of Black Africans and 61% of Black Caribbeans.** (Source: Making Age Work for London). This hides huge variations across the capital with the population of Tower Hamlets in 2001 being 33% Bangladeshi, Harrow 21% Indian, Kensington and Chelsea 25% White (other than British or Irish), Southwark 16% Black African while Havering remains 92% White British (Source: Census 2001) A 1998 study of Bangladeshi elders in South Camden found 70% could not read and write English, 40% could not read and write Bengali and 65% had poor spoken English. (Living in Britain, Growing old in Britain)

In 2000/2001 21.9% of UK nationals living in the Greater London area were aged 55 and over compared with 24.8% for nationals from other EU states but only 9.6% for nationals from outside the EU. (Source: Third country nationals living in London 2000/01)

Household composition and tenure

13. **Over 10% of Londoners live in all-pensioner households.** This ranges from a high of 15.7% in Havering down to 6.8% in Newham. Pensioners living alone make up 5.4% of all Londoners. This ranges from 9.1% in the City of London to 4.2% in both Brent and Newham. [table 16]
14. **Over one third of London's pensioners live alone.** A higher proportion live alone in Inner London (36.9%) than in Outer London (32.9%). Over 57% of Kensington and Chelsea's pensioners live alone. [table 17] The majority of pensioners living alone tend to be older women following the death of a spouse, but there is evidence of an increasing number of younger male pensioners living alone. There are also indications that the proportion living alone may be affected by migration patterns with older couples more likely to move away from London than older people living alone.
15. **Pensioner housing tenure shows a dramatic difference between Inner and Outer London.** Over 70% of Outer London pensioner households are in owner occupation while for Inner London it is just over half this level (36.5%). Bromley and Redbridge, in outer London, have 78% of pensioner household in owner occupation while for Hammersmith and Fulham and Tower Hamlets it is just 22%. Southwark, at nearly 54% has the highest proportion of pensioner households renting from the council, with Bromley the lowest at less than 2%. [table 18]

Health

16. **In general, Older Londoners are relatively healthy compared with the rest of England and Wales.** Except for those, particularly men, aged between 55 and 64, age specific death rates are lower in London for both men and women at all ages over 55. [table 20] Older Londoners are also more likely to report themselves in good health. This hides a number of issues. Older men and women in urban areas suffer particularly from respiratory ailments (Source: Health, wealth and lifestyles of the older population in England). Deaths per thousand from respiratory ailments are higher in London than in the rest of the UK [table 19]. Older Londoners are slightly more likely to see a GP and generally have to wait longer than in the rest of the UK. (Source: Growing Old in London) Older Londoners are more likely to see a hospital doctor but less likely to be admitted.
17. **On average the reported health of older Londoners is similar to that for England and Wales as a whole however within London there are huge variations.** Older people in Outer London generally consider themselves healthier than those in Inner London and this distinction is particularly marked for the younger age groups (50 –80). There are however, larger variations in levels of reported health between individual boroughs in both Inner and Outer London, than between Inner London and Outer London as a whole, again particularly for the younger old. [table 22] Levels of reported health are closely allied to levels of deprivation, the proportion of older people claiming benefit, the proportion living in social housing and the presence of poorer members of ethnic minority groups. (Source: Growing Old in London) Particularly for the younger old, the highest proportions of older people reporting ‘not good health’ are concentrated in those north east sector boroughs, Hackney, Islington, Newham and Tower Hamlets, which experience the highest levels of pensioner poverty. [table 22]
18. **There is evidence that older people in London, as elsewhere, suffer health service discrimination.** For example chiropody services, for which over two thirds of patients are 65 or over, are often given a low priority and have been rationed or withdrawn by some authorities. (Source: Health Strategy for London: Rapid review on Older people in London)
19. **There are also a number of Health issues associated with older ethnic minorities in London.** Older Asians are more likely to report ‘not good health’ and older Chinese less likely to report ‘not good health’ than their white counterparts. [table 21] (Source: Growing Old in London) South Asians in London experience higher rates of Coronary Heart Disease, however “For black and minority ethnic older people, their service needs are in essence no different from those of other elders, but aspects of ethnic diversity may affect the quantity and quality of service received”. (Source: Health of Ethnic minority Elders in London)
20. **The proportion of mental health in-patients with dementia is less in London (8%) than in the rest of England (12%).** This may be due in part to the younger age profile of the London population. In addition, areas of higher deprivation are associated with higher proportions of admissions for psychotic conditions and disorders due to drugs and alcohol but with lower proportions of admissions for dementia, learning disability and affective disorders. (Source: Availability of mental health services in London)

Actual numbers of dementia patients are difficult to determine but based on Alzheimer’s

Society prevalence rates, the London Research Centre estimated, in 2000, that there would be 75,000 dementia cases in London in 2001. [table 23] (Source: Dementia in London) Our own estimates based on Alzheimer's Society prevalence rates and the ONS Mid-2002 population estimates suggest 74,300 cases among London's over 50s in 2002. Because of the high proportion of older people, our estimates for 2002 suggest 300 more cases in Havering than are suggested by the LRC estimates for 2001. [table 24]

Care services

21. **In 2002-3 21,370 Londoners aged 65 or over were in permanent council supported residential or nursing care.** This is 2.4% of all Londoners aged 65 plus and ranges from 4.16% in Barking and Dagenham down to 0.48% in Kensington and Chelsea. Inner London boroughs generally have over 3% of their population aged 65 and over in permanent council supported residential or nursing care while Outer London boroughs generally have less than 3%. [table 25] (Source: Community Care Statistics, 2003) [see also table 27] Care home places in London are over 25% more expensive than the rest of England with approximately 30% of fees being £450 per week or more. (Source: How do we care?) [see also table 27]

Nationally the number of residential and nursing homes fell by 3% from 2000 to 2001. In 2002 the Department of Health estimated that the expected demand for residential care places outstripped supply by 55% in Inner London and 68% in Outer London but, when combined with the South East region excluding London, "supply and demand broadly equate". At the same time they estimated home care service demand at only 59% of actual usage for Inner London but at 90% of usage for Outer London. [table 26] (Source: The residential care and nursing home sector for older people)

22. **The proportion of people aged 65 and over who are helped to live at home is 50% higher in Inner London than for England as a whole.** There are however wide variations within both Inner and Outer London with the proportion helped ranging from 18.7% in Tower Hamlets down to 7.5% in Greenwich and from 12.4% in Barking and Dagenham down to 7.7% in Ealing [table 27]
23. **Rates of hospital admission for hypothermia and falls, among people aged 75 and over, are comparable in both Inner and Outer London to the rate for England as a whole (2.1%).** Again this masks large variations between the boroughs. Hackney has the lowest rate of admissions at 0.8% with next door Islington having the highest at 2.9% [table 27]
24. **Delayed discharge is a problem in London with rates for all boroughs except Newham, Havering and Waltham Forest being above the average for England as a whole.** The problem is particularly acute in some boroughs with Hillingdon, Lambeth, Sutton, Islington Hammersmith and Fulham and Camden having delayed discharge rates more than double the average for England. The Inner London average rate of delayed discharge is over 80% higher than the average for England as a whole. [table 27]
25. **Older Londoners, particularly those living in Outer London, are, in general, less satisfied with the help provided by social services at home than older people in the rest of England.** Some boroughs do achieve high levels of satisfaction. Tower Hamlets is the highest at 67% with Lewisham, Southwark, Kensington and Chelsea and Westminster all achieving levels of satisfaction higher than the 57% average for England. [table 27]

Caring and volunteering

26. **In London 12.5% of men and 11.6% of women aged 60 and over provide some form of unpaid care. Of these, around 30% provide 50 hours or more per week.** In London, in the 2001 Census, 1,060 women and 1,366 men aged 85 and over reported providing more than 50 hours per week of unpaid care [table 28] (Source: Making Age Work for London).
27. **22% of Londoners aged 50 and over are involved in voluntary activity, making an annual contribution to London valued at 441 million pounds.** This is similar to levels of participation in the Midlands and better than for the North of England and Scotland but considerably less than other parts of Southern and Eastern England [table 29, 30] (Source: The economic contribution of older people)

Quality of life

28. **Older Londoners are becoming less worried about crime.** London is a high crime rate area for most types of recorded crime excluding burglary and criminal damage. (Source: Crime in England and Wales 2002/2003) Older people are less likely to be victims of crime (Source: British Crime Survey 2001) and the ALG survey of Londoners in 2003 showed that, although over 40% of Londoners aged 60 and over were concerned about crime, this figure has fallen from well over 50% in 2002. "Fear Surveys measuring perceptions of crime have traditionally shown that it is older people who are most concerned about crime. However, in London, concern about crime has generally increased over the last few years among younger people aged 18-34, they are now slightly more concerned about crime than older people." (Source: Survey of Londoners 2003)
29. **Good quality public transport is a key requirement for older people living in London.** Older pensioner households are less likely to own or use a car and nearly 977,000 Londoners were active freedom pass members in 2002/3. This is 84% of the number of Londoners aged 60+ but includes some eligible younger disabled people. Maximum take up rates among older Londoners vary from around 70% in *Kensington and Chelsea* and *Barking and Dagenham* to near 100% in *Camden* and *Islington*. [table 31]

Table 1: ONS: Mid-2002 Population Estimates: estimated resident population
- provisional results from the Manchester matching exercise (with armed forces correction)

Mid-year population, 2002	Thousands (rounded)								
	Persons All Ages	Persons 50+	Persons 60+	Persons 65+	Persons 70+	Persons 75+	Persons 80+	Persons 85+	Persons 90+
ENGLAND AND WALES	52,480.5	17,603.5	10,941.0	8,389.5	6,074.2	3,998.2	2,268.5	1,012.9	350.1
ENGLAND	49,561.8	16,546.6	10,276.0	7,880.6	5,705.5	3,754.1	2,132.2	954.0	330.0
LONDON	7,355.4	1,908.2	1,165.0	889.0	641.1	422.1	241.5	110.4	38.5
Inner London	2,867.3	619.0	374.6	280.8	199.1	128.8	72.2	31.9	11.2
Camden	207.0	47.5	27.9	21.1	15.2	9.9	5.6	2.5	0.9
City of London	7.8	2.4	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0
Hackney	210.2	41.9	25.2	18.8	13.2	8.5	4.7	2.1	0.8
Hammersmith and Fulham	173.3	38.4	23.3	17.4	12.5	8.3	4.6	2.0	0.7
Haringey	225.1	48.2	28.6	21.1	14.3	9.0	5.1	2.4	0.9
Islington	181.0	39.5	23.6	17.6	12.4	7.7	4.1	1.7	0.6
Kensington and Chelsea	165.1	46.5	27.0	19.8	14.3	9.5	5.6	2.6	0.9
Lambeth	271.9	52.7	32.2	24.1	17.1	10.9	6.0	2.6	0.9
Lewisham	253.8	58.1	35.6	27.0	19.5	13.0	7.6	3.5	1.2
Newham	254.0	48.8	29.2	21.5	14.9	9.6	5.5	2.4	0.8
Southwark	251.3	53.0	32.9	24.9	17.8	11.5	6.2	2.6	0.9
Tower Hamlets	206.8	37.7	24.2	18.2	12.7	7.8	4.0	1.6	0.5
Wandsworth	269.3	55.4	34.6	26.4	18.9	12.7	7.4	3.4	1.2
Westminster	190.6	49.0	29.1	22.0	15.7	10.2	5.7	2.6	0.9
Outer London	4,488.0	1,289.1	790.3	608.1	441.9	293.3	169.3	78.5	27.3
Barking and Dagenham	167.3	46.9	29.8	23.8	18.0	12.1	6.6	2.9	1.0
Barnet	320.4	93.6	57.9	45.3	33.6	22.5	13.5	6.9	2.6
Bexley	218.8	72.4	45.0	34.8	25.1	16.5	9.2	4.0	1.3
Brent	272.4	67.4	41.9	30.9	20.8	12.8	7.3	3.5	1.2
Bromley	296.8	101.9	63.8	50.1	37.2	24.6	14.4	6.5	2.3
Croydon	336.6	94.3	56.4	42.8	30.6	20.3	11.6	5.4	1.9
Ealing	308.4	77.3	46.6	34.9	24.7	16.5	9.1	4.2	1.4
Enfield	281.8	80.3	49.7	37.8	27.2	18.0	10.6	5.2	1.9
Greenwich	221.4	57.7	35.9	27.6	20.5	13.9	8.1	3.5	1.1
Harrow	211.6	64.1	39.4	30.2	21.8	14.6	8.6	4.3	1.5
Havering	224.2	80.6	51.0	40.1	29.5	19.0	10.1	4.3	1.4
Hillingdon	246.5	71.5	44.1	33.9	24.3	15.9	9.1	4.1	1.4
Hounslow	216.6	54.7	32.3	24.2	17.0	11.0	6.2	2.7	0.9
Kingston upon Thames	150.2	42.0	24.9	19.4	14.6	10.1	6.1	2.9	1.0
Merton	192.3	51.5	31.4	24.3	17.8	11.9	6.9	3.2	1.1
Redbridge	244.0	71.2	43.1	33.3	24.2	16.2	9.5	4.3	1.5
Richmond upon Thames	174.4	51.9	29.9	23.1	17.4	12.1	7.3	3.4	1.2
Sutton	180.9	54.8	33.6	26.1	19.3	13.0	7.6	3.6	1.3
Waltham Forest	223.2	54.7	33.6	25.4	18.3	12.3	7.3	3.5	1.3

Source: ONS, Mid-2002 population estimates

Table 2: Population above a particular age as a percentage of total population, from ONS: Mid-2002 Population Estimates: (estimated resident population).

	Persons (000's) All Ages =100%	Persons 50+	Persons 60+	Persons 65+	Persons 70+	Persons 75+	Persons 80+	Persons 85+	Persons 90+
ENGLAND AND WALES	52,480.5	33.54%	20.85%	15.99%	11.57%	7.62%	4.32%	1.93%	0.67%
ENGLAND	49,561.8	33.39%	20.73%	15.90%	11.51%	7.57%	4.30%	1.92%	0.67%
LONDON	7,355.4	25.94%	15.84%	12.09%	8.72%	5.74%	3.28%	1.50%	0.52%
Inner London	2,867.3	21.59%	13.06%	9.79%	6.94%	4.49%	2.52%	1.11%	0.39%
Camden	207.0	22.95%	13.48%	10.19%	7.34%	4.78%	2.71%	1.21%	0.43%
City of London	7.8	30.77%	16.67%	12.82%	8.97%	5.13%	2.56%	1.28%	0.00%
Hackney	210.2	19.93%	11.99%	8.94%	6.28%	4.04%	2.24%	1.00%	0.38%
Hammersmith and Fulham	173.3	22.16%	13.44%	10.04%	7.21%	4.79%	2.65%	1.15%	0.40%
Haringey	225.1	21.41%	12.71%	9.37%	6.35%	4.00%	2.27%	1.07%	0.40%
Islington	181.0	21.82%	13.04%	9.72%	6.85%	4.25%	2.27%	0.94%	0.33%
Kensington and Chelsea	165.1	28.16%	16.35%	11.99%	8.66%	5.75%	3.39%	1.57%	0.55%
Lambeth	271.9	19.38%	11.84%	8.86%	6.29%	4.01%	2.21%	0.96%	0.33%
Lewisham	253.8	22.89%	14.03%	10.64%	7.68%	5.12%	2.99%	1.38%	0.47%
Newham	254.0	19.21%	11.50%	8.46%	5.87%	3.78%	2.17%	0.94%	0.31%
Southwark	251.3	21.09%	13.09%	9.91%	7.08%	4.58%	2.47%	1.03%	0.36%
Tower Hamlets	206.8	18.23%	11.70%	8.80%	6.14%	3.77%	1.93%	0.77%	0.24%
Wandsworth	269.3	20.57%	12.85%	9.80%	7.02%	4.72%	2.75%	1.26%	0.45%
Westminster	190.6	25.71%	15.27%	11.54%	8.24%	5.35%	2.99%	1.36%	0.47%

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	Persons (000's) All Ages =100%	Persons 50+	Persons 60+	Persons 65+	Persons 70+	Persons 75+	Persons 80+	Persons 85+	Persons 90+
Outer London	4,488.0	28.72%	17.61%	13.55%	9.85%	6.54%	3.77%	1.75%	0.61%
Barking and Dagenham	167.3	28.03%	17.81%	14.23%	10.76%	7.23%	3.95%	1.73%	0.60%
Barnet	320.4	29.21%	18.07%	14.14%	10.49%	7.02%	4.21%	2.15%	0.81%
Bexley	218.8	33.09%	20.57%	15.90%	11.47%	7.54%	4.20%	1.83%	0.59%
Brent	272.4	24.74%	15.38%	11.34%	7.64%	4.70%	2.68%	1.28%	0.44%
Bromley	296.8	34.33%	21.50%	16.88%	12.53%	8.29%	4.85%	2.19%	0.77%
Croydon	336.6	28.02%	16.76%	12.72%	9.09%	6.03%	3.45%	1.60%	0.56%
Ealing	308.4	25.06%	15.11%	11.32%	8.01%	5.35%	2.95%	1.36%	0.45%
Enfield	281.8	28.50%	17.64%	13.41%	9.65%	6.39%	3.76%	1.85%	0.67%
Greenwich	221.4	26.06%	16.21%	12.47%	9.26%	6.28%	3.66%	1.58%	0.50%
Harrow	211.6	30.29%	18.62%	14.27%	10.30%	6.90%	4.06%	2.03%	0.71%
Havering	224.2	35.95%	22.75%	17.89%	13.16%	8.47%	4.50%	1.92%	0.62%
Hillingdon	246.5	29.01%	17.89%	13.75%	9.86%	6.45%	3.69%	1.66%	0.57%
Hounslow	216.6	25.25%	14.91%	11.17%	7.85%	5.08%	2.86%	1.25%	0.42%
Kingston upon Thames	150.2	27.96%	16.58%	12.92%	9.72%	6.72%	4.06%	1.93%	0.67%
Merton	192.3	26.78%	16.33%	12.64%	9.26%	6.19%	3.59%	1.66%	0.57%
Redbridge	244.0	29.18%	17.66%	13.65%	9.92%	6.64%	3.89%	1.76%	0.61%
Richmond upon Thames	174.4	29.76%	17.14%	13.25%	9.98%	6.94%	4.19%	1.95%	0.69%
Sutton	180.9	30.29%	18.57%	14.43%	10.67%	7.19%	4.20%	1.99%	0.72%
Waltham Forest	223.2	24.51%	15.05%	11.38%	8.20%	5.51%	3.27%	1.57%	0.58%

Source: Compiled from ONS, Mid-2002 population estimates

Table 3: Population Mid 2002 by sex as a percentage of total within each age group.

	All Ages		60+		70+		80+		90+	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
England	48.91%	51.09%	43.91%	56.09%	40.12%	59.88%	33.31%	66.69%	23.18%	76.82%
LONDON	49.38%	50.62%	43.67%	56.33%	39.98%	60.01%	33.79%	66.21%	24.16%	75.58%
Inner London	49.90%	50.11%	44.45%	55.55%	40.98%	59.02%	34.63%	65.37%	25.00%	75.00%
Outer London	49.04%	50.96%	43.30%	56.71%	39.53%	60.49%	33.43%	66.57%	24.18%	75.82%

Note: Because of rounding errors, the males and females percentages may not add to 100%

Source: Compiled from ONS, Mid-2002 population estimates

Table 4: Population over retirement age: by area, 1991 and 2001

Local Authority / Unitary Authority Name	1991		2001		1991 to 2001 Change		
	All People over retirement age	Percentage of people over retirement age	All People over retirement age	Percentage of people over retirement age	Percentage point change	Number change	Percentage change
City of London	1,280	24.45	1,101	15.3	-9.1	-179	-13.98%
Barking and Dagenham	31,088	20.40	27,313	16.7	-3.7	-3,775	-12.14%
Barnet	54,101	18.53	52,312	16.6	-1.9	-1,789	-3.31%
Bexley	37,566	17.43	39,959	18.3	0.9	2,393	6.37%
Brent	33,816	14.28	35,976	13.7	-0.6	2,160	6.39%
Bromley	56,975	19.57	57,107	19.3	-0.2	132	0.23%
Camden	29,327	17.63	24,752	12.5	-5.1	-4,575	-15.60%
Croydon	50,218	16.11	49,784	15.1	-1.1	-434	-0.86%
Ealing	42,436	15.31	40,703	13.5	-1.8	-1,733	-4.08%
Enfield	44,852	17.47	43,931	16.1	-1.4	-921	-2.05%
Greenwich	36,209	17.62	32,146	15.0	-2.6	-4,063	-11.22%
Hackney	25,535	14.11	22,217	11.0	-3.2	-3,318	-12.99%
Hammersmith and Fulham	22,599	15.31	20,562	12.4	-2.9	-2,037	-9.01%
Haringey	27,613	13.75	25,265	11.7	-2.1	-2,348	-8.50%
Harrow	34,920	17.33	34,853	16.9	-0.5	-67	-0.19%
Havering	42,599	18.61	45,556	20.3	1.7	2,957	6.94%
Hillingdon	39,487	17.18	39,317	16.2	-1.0	-170	-0.43%
Hounslow	31,009	15.44	28,579	13.5	-2.0	-2,430	-7.84%
Islington	25,351	15.60	21,115	12.0	-3.6	-4,236	-16.71%
Kensington and Chelsea	20,697	15.14	23,102	14.5	-0.6	2,405	11.62%
Kingston upon Thames	24,687	18.55	22,488	15.3	-3.3	-2,199	-8.91%
Lambeth	35,411	14.66	29,001	10.9	-3.8	-6,410	-18.10%
Lewisham	38,982	16.85	31,903	12.8	-4.0	-7,079	-18.16%
Merton	30,202	17.94	27,954	14.9	-3.1	-2,248	-7.44%
Newham	29,863	14.11	25,941	10.6	-3.5	-3,922	-13.13%
Redbridge	39,764	18.19	38,466	16.1	-2.1	-1,298	-3.26%
Richmond upon Thames	30,922	19.11	27,088	15.7	-3.4	-3,834	-12.40%
Southwark	36,078	16.51	29,687	12.1	-4.4	-6,391	-17.71%
Sutton	31,102	18.48	30,032	16.7	-1.8	-1,070	-3.44%
Tower Hamlets	24,120	15.17	21,455	10.9	-4.2	-2,665	-11.05%
Waltham Forest	35,265	16.78	29,742	13.6	-3.2	-5,523	-15.66%
Wandsworth	39,704	15.86	31,632	12.1	-3.7	-8,072	-20.33%
Westminster	31,090	18.48	26,119	14.4	-4.1	-4,971	-15.99%

Source: Extracted from Office for National Statistics, Population over retirement age: by area, 1991 and 2001

Table 5: Population over retirement age: by area, 1991 and 2001. The twenty local/unitary authority areas in England and Wales with the lowest proportion of population over state retirement age in 2001.

Local Authority / Unitary Authority Name	1991		2001		1991 to 2001 Change		
	All People over retirement age	Percentage of people over retirement age	All People over retirement age	Percentage of people over retirement age	Percentage point change	Number change	Percentage change
Newham	29,863	14.11	25,941	10.6	-3.5	-3,922	-13.13%
Lambeth	35,411	14.66	29,001	10.9	-3.8	-6,410	-18.10%
Tower Hamlets	24,120	15.17	21,455	10.9	-4.2	-2,665	-11.05%
Hackney	25,535	14.11	22,217	11.0	-3.2	-3,318	-12.99%
Haringey	27,613	13.75	25,265	11.7	-2.1	-2,348	-8.50%
Islington	25,351	15.60	21,115	12.0	-3.6	-4,236	-16.71%
Milton Keynes	20,661	11.72	25,021	12.1	0.4	4,360	21.10%
Southwark	36,078	16.51	29,687	12.1	-4.4	-6,391	-17.71%
Wandsworth	39,704	15.86	31,632	12.1	-3.7	-8,072	-20.33%
Hammersmith and Fulham	22,599	15.31	20,562	12.4	-2.9	-2,037	-9.01%
Camden	29,327	17.63	24,752	12.5	-5.1	-4,575	-15.60%
Bracknell Forest	12,209	12.92	13,932	12.7	-0.2	1,723	14.11%
Lewisham	38,982	16.85	31,903	12.8	-4.0	-7,079	-18.16%
Tamworth	8,139	11.63	9,948	13.3	1.7	1,809	22.23%
Slough	15,210	14.63	15,910	13.4	-1.3	700	4.60%
Hounslow	31,009	15.44	28,579	13.5	-2.0	-2,430	-7.84%
Rushmoor	10,901	13.61	12,271	13.5	-0.1	1,370	12.57%
Ealing	42,436	15.31	40,703	13.5	-1.8	-1,733	-4.08%
Waltham Forest	35,265	16.78	29,742	13.6	-3.2	-5,523	-15.66%
Brent	33,816	14.28	35,976	13.7	-0.6	2,160	6.39%

Source: Compiled from Office for National Statistics, Population over retirement age: by area, 1991 and 2001

Table 6: Population over retirement age by area, 1991 and 2001; The Twenty local/unitary authorities in England and Wales with the highest percentage fall in population over UK state pension age 1991 - 2001.

Local Authority / Unitary Authority Name	1991		2001		1991 to 2001 Change		
	All People over retirement age	Percentage of people over retirement age	All People over retirement age	Percentage of people over retirement age	Percentage point change	Number change	Percentage change
Wandsworth	39,704	15.86	31,632	12.1	-3.7	-8,072	-20.33%
Manchester	73,766	18.47	60,005	15.3	-3.2	-13,761	-18.65%
Lewisham	38,982	16.85	31,903	12.8	-4.0	-7,079	-18.16%
Lambeth	35,411	14.66	29,001	10.9	-3.8	-6,410	-18.10%
Southwark	36,078	16.51	29,687	12.1	-4.4	-6,391	-17.71%
Islington	25,351	15.60	21,115	12.0	-3.6	-4,236	-16.71%
Brighton and Hove	54,496	23.92	45,668	18.4	-5.5	-8,828	-16.20%
Westminster	31,090	18.48	26,119	14.4	-4.1	-4,971	-15.99%
Waltham Forest	35,265	16.78	29,742	13.6	-3.2	-5,523	-15.66%
Camden	29,327	17.63	24,752	12.5	-5.1	-4,575	-15.60%
City of London	1,280	24.45	1,101	15.3	-9.1	-179	-13.98%
Newham	29,863	14.11	25,941	10.6	-3.5	-3,922	-13.13%
Hackney	25,535	14.11	22,217	11.0	-3.2	-3,318	-12.99%
Worthing	28,794	29.98	25,099	25.7	-4.3	-3,695	-12.83%
Richmond upon Thames	30,922	19.11	27,088	15.7	-3.4	-3,834	-12.40%
Barking and Dagenham	31,088	20.40	27,313	16.7	-3.7	-3,775	-12.14%
Bristol, City of	73,373	19.58	64,506	16.9	-2.6	-8,867	-12.08%
Nottingham	49,800	19.00	43,953	16.5	-2.5	-5,847	-11.74%
Greenwich	36,209	17.62	32,146	15.0	-2.6	-4,063	-11.22%
Tower Hamlets	24,120	15.17	21,455	10.9	-4.2	-2,665	-11.05%

Source: Compiled from Office for National Statistics, Population over retirement age: by area, 1991 and 2001

Table 7: Population over retirement age: by area, 1991 and 2001 : The 24 local/unitary authorities in England and Wales with the largest percentage point fall in numbers of people over State pension age as a proportion of total population 1991 – 2001.

Local Authority / Unitary Authority Name	1991		2001		1991 to 2001 Change		
	All People over retirement age	Percentage of people over retirement age	All People over retirement age	Percentage of people over retirement age	Percentage point change	Number change	Percentage change
City of London	1,280	24.45	1,101	15.3	-9.1	-179	-13.98%
Brighton and Hove	54,496	23.92	45,668	18.4	-5.5	-8,828	-16.20%
Camden	29,327	17.63	24,752	12.5	-5.1	-4,575	-15.60%
Cambridge	17,903	19.97	16,392	15.1	-4.9	-1,511	-8.44%
Eastbourne	25,847	32.04	24,569	27.4	-4.6	-1,278	-4.94%
Bournemouth	42,607	28.02	38,255	23.4	-4.6	-4,352	-10.21%
Southwark	36,078	16.51	29,687	12.1	-4.4	-6,391	-17.71%
Worthing	28,794	29.98	25,099	25.7	-4.3	-3,695	-12.83%
Tower Hamlets	24,120	15.17	21,455	10.9	-4.2	-2,665	-11.05%
Oxford	20,510	18.99	19,872	14.8	-4.2	-638	-3.11%
Westminster	31,090	18.48	26,119	14.4	-4.1	-4,971	-15.99%
Lewisham	38,982	16.85	31,903	12.8	-4.0	-7,079	-18.16%
Lambeth	35,411	14.66	29,001	10.9	-3.8	-6,410	-18.10%
Barking and Dagenham	31,088	20.40	27,313	16.7	-3.7	-3,775	-12.14%
Wandsworth	39,704	15.86	31,632	12.1	-3.7	-8,072	-20.33%
Islington	25,351	15.60	21,115	12.0	-3.6	-4,236	-16.71%
Newham	29,863	14.11	25,941	10.6	-3.5	-3,922	-13.13%
Richmond upon Thames	30,922	19.11	27,088	15.7	-3.4	-3,834	-12.40%
Kingston upon Thames	24,687	18.55	22,488	15.3	-3.3	-2,199	-8.91%
Portsmouth	35,740	20.69	32,604	17.5	-3.2	-3,136	-8.77%
Manchester	73,766	18.47	60,005	15.3	-3.2	-13,761	-18.65%
Hackney	25,535	14.11	22,217	11.0	-3.2	-3,318	-12.99%
Waltham Forest	35,265	16.78	29,742	13.6	-3.2	-5,523	-15.66%
Merton	30,202	17.94	27,954	14.9	-3.1	-2,248	-7.44%

Source: Compiled from Office for National Statistics, Population over retirement age: by area, 1991 and 2001

Table 8: **Migration to and from London by age, 2000/01**¹

	Thousands					
	Within the UK			International ²		
	To	From	Net	To	From	Net
16 to 24	13.2	-39.5	-26.3	9.2	-4.5	4.6
25 to 44	65.1	-46.1	19.1	50.4	-17.9	32.5
45 to 64	71.2	-103.0	-31.9	78.1	-54.8	23.3
65+	9.8	-28.7	-18.9	8.9	-3.9	5.0
	4.3	-14.9	-10.6	1.3	-0.2	1.2
All ages	163.6	-232.2	-68.6	147.8	-81.2	66.6

¹ Mid 2000 to mid 2001

² Excludes asylum seekers/visitor switchers and movements to and from the Irish Republic

From: Focus on London, 2003

Source; National Health Service Central Register; International passenger survey, ONS

Table 9: Pensioner poverty - The proportion of older people, aged 65 and over, living on benefit

	District level summary for older people aged 65+ of "Average Score" (this measures the proportion of the district older population who are living on income related benefits, i.e. it is effectively a district rate of older people living on income related benefits.)	Rank of district level Average Score (where a rank of 1 = most disadvantaged in England and Wales)
Hackney	55.5	2
Islington	55.0	3
Newham	53.9	5
Haringey	53.5	6
Tower Hamlets	50.9	7
Southwark	46.4	13
Brent	43.3	24
Hammersmith and Fulham	42.4	29
Lewisham	40.7	36
Barking and Dagenham	40.3	40
Greenwich	39.7	42
Wandsworth	39.2	47
Lambeth	38.9	51
Camden	37.5	61
Waltham Forest	36.4	73
Hounslow	35.3	81
Ealing	33.7	97
Enfield	33.5	98
Merton	29.1	146
Redbridge	29.1	148
Hillingdon	28.6	154
Harrow	27.7	174
Westminster	26.8	192
Croydon	26.1	208
Sutton	25.7	217
Kensington and Chelsea	25.3	232
Barnet	25.0	240
Bexley	23.7	266
Kingston upon Thames	22.9	287
Richmond upon Thames	22.0	305
Havering	21.2	316
Bromley	19.2	335
City of London	17.0	358

Source: Compiled from Older people count; The Help the Aged Income Index for older people in England and Wales 2003

(Note: Rank 1 = Liverpool, Rank 4 = Manchester)

Table 10: Age structure of the labour force^{1,2}

	Percentages and Thousands			
	London		United Kingdom	
	1997	2002	1997	2002
Percentages³ aged				
16-24	15.5	14.3	15.6	15.2
25-34	30.9	31.4	26.4	23.4
35-49	34.0	34.6	35.7	36.9
50 to 59 (females) / 64 (males)	17.0	16.8	19.4	21.4
60 (females) / 65 (males) or over	2.6	3.0	2.9	3.1
Total labour force (=100%) (thousands)	3,460	3,360	28,254	29,037

¹ All economically active people aged 16 and over, not seasonally adjusted

² Data have been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data

³ Percentage of the household population who are in the labour force at spring each year

From: Focus on London, 2003

Source: Labour Force Survey, ONS

Table 11: Employment and unemployment rates of older workers by English government office region and country

Source: ONS Labour Force Survey (Autumn 2003 - Great Britain). Figures unadjusted for the 2001 Census.

	Total number of people aged 50-59/64 SPA (000s)	% of local population aged 50-59/64 SPA ¹	Total number of people in employment aged 50-59/64 SPA (000s)	Employment rate (%)	Total number of people unemployed aged 50-59/64 SPA ² (000s)	ILO unemployment rate ³ (% of labour force)
Great Britain	8,790	18.9%	6,121	69.6%	206	3.3%
England	7,559	18.9%	5,302	70.1%	181	3.3%
London	937	15.7%	624	66.6%	36	5.4%
Inner London	318	13.6%	194	61.0%	16	7.8%
Outer London	618	17.0%	430	69.5%	19	4.3%

¹ Expressed as a proportion of the population age 16 and over.

² Expressed as a percentage of the total number aged 50-59/64 in employment.

³ The unemployment rate is the number of ILO unemployed (unemployed, ready to start work in a fortnight, having looked for work in the last four weeks) as a percentage of the total labour force (the sum of all persons in employment or ILO unemployed).

From: Older Workers: Statistical Information Booklet, DWP, Autumn 2003

Table 12: Economic activity of people aged 50 to PA and PA to 74, 2001

	50 to retirement age					Retirement age to 74				
	<i>Employed</i>	<i>Unemployed</i>	<i>Retired</i>	<i>Looking after home or family</i>	<i>Permanently sick or disabled</i>	<i>Employed</i>	<i>Unemployed</i>	<i>Retired</i>	<i>Looking after home or family</i>	<i>Permanently sick or disabled</i>
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
City of London	76.4	3.3	7.4	3.9	6.6	17.8	0.0	67.7	0.9	3.3
Barking and Dagenham	61.0	3.4	6.1	7.4	17.0	30.5	0.3	79.2	1.3	6.7
Barnet	69.8	3.2	6.8	7.6	8.0	22.4	0.6	67.7	3.0	4.3
Bexley	70.4	2.5	9.1	6.6	8.3	24.0	0.3	80.5	1.5	3.6
Brent	61.4	4.5	7.0	6.9	13.0	26.8	0.6	71.1	2.4	6.3
Bromley	70.8	2.5	9.8	7.0	6.6	23.4	0.3	77.5	2.4	3.2
Camden	60.5	5.3	5.6	5.7	15.1	26.4	1.0	63.4	2.4	6.6
Croydon	69.4	3.6	8.0	6.1	8.6	22.8	0.3	75.2	2.0	4.5
Ealing	63.6	3.7	7.6	6.3	12.9	26.8	0.5	72.1	1.8	6.4
Enfield	65.3	3.8	7.5	7.0	11.0	25.5	0.5	74.7	1.9	5.2
Greenwich	62.5	4.7	7.2	5.7	14.6	27.6	0.5	76.5	1.3	5.9
Hackney	50.4	6.4	5.5	6.9	21.6	34.0	0.5	71.4	1.6	9.4
Hammersmith and Fulham	61.6	5.1	6.5	6.0	14.4	26.8	0.8	70.6	1.9	5.8
Haringey	59.6	5.4	6.2	6.7	14.5	27.4	0.5	71.7	1.7	7.4
Harrow	69.8	3.0	7.9	7.3	7.5	22.7	0.5	71.6	2.8	4.7
Havering	69.0	2.3	9.0	7.5	8.8	25.2	0.2	80.5	1.7	3.9
Hillingdon	70.7	2.6	8.1	5.9	9.0	23.0	0.4	76.4	1.8	4.3
Hounslow	67.7	2.7	7.3	6.0	11.5	24.8	0.5	73.7	1.6	5.8
Islington	55.9	5.9	5.5	5.7	19.8	31.0	0.8	71.2	1.3	7.8
Kensington and Chelsea	62.6	4.4	7.5	8.4	9.1	25.1	0.7	60.8	3.9	4.7
Kingston upon Thames	73.0	2.8	8.0	6.2	6.4	20.6	0.4	74.8	2.5	3.3
Lambeth	59.4	6.2	6.6	5.6	14.7	26.8	0.7	72.2	1.4	6.9
Lewisham	62.6	5.3	6.6	5.9	13.7	26.3	0.5	74.6	1.3	6.6
Merton	69.8	3.2	7.5	6.4	8.4	22.4	0.5	74.5	2.2	4.1
Newham	50.2	5.1	6.6	8.8	20.4	35.9	0.5	71.5	2.2	9.8
Redbridge	66.2	3.3	8.1	7.6	10.3	26.0	0.4	75.0	2.0	5.4
Richmond upon Thames	72.9	2.8	8.6	6.4	5.6	20.5	0.7	71.5	2.6	3.3
Southwark	58.7	5.9	5.5	5.9	16.9	28.3	0.7	72.8	1.4	7.0
Sutton	73.0	2.4	8.3	5.9	7.1	21.2	0.4	76.4	1.8	3.8
Tower Hamlets	43.4	5.7	7.0	10.5	21.9	39.4	0.4	70.7	2.6	8.6
Waltham Forest	62.2	4.1	7.3	7.0	13.6	27.9	0.6	75.1	1.5	6.0
Wandsworth	64.5	4.1	7.3	6.4	11.6	25.4	0.6	71.4	1.7	5.9
Westminster	62.3	4.5	6.7	7.5	11.6	25.9	0.9	61.6	3.4	5.4
Inner London	58.4	5.3	6.4	6.8	15.5	28.7	0.7	69.7	2.0	7.0
Outer London	67.9	3.2	7.9	6.7	9.7	24.4	0.4	75.0	2.0	4.7
Greater London	64.8	3.9	7.4	6.8	11.6	25.8	0.5	73.2	2.0	5.5
England & Wales	66.1	2.8	8.6	6.5	12.2	27.3	0.3	77.9	1.8	5.2

From: Low incomes among older people in London, GLA, October 2003
 Source: 2001 Census Standard Table ST028

Table 13: Claimants of incapacity benefit (IB) or severe disablement allowance (SDA) by age group, gender, English government region and country

Source: DWP administrative information, 5% sample at 31 August 2003

% of all in age band on IB/SDA	16-49			50-59/64 SPA		
	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female
Great Britain	5.3%	5.9%	4.7%	14.5%	16.2%	12.2%
England	4.9%	5.5%	4.3%	13.4%	15.0%	11.2%
Greater London	4.3%	5.0%	3.6%	13.6%	15.4%	11.4%
Inner London	5.1%	5.9%	4.1%	18.5%	21.1%	15.1%
Outer London	3.7%	4.2%	3.3%	11.3%	12.5%	9.6%

From: Older Workers: Statistical Information Booklet, DWP, Autumn 2003

Table 14: Age distribution: by ethnic group, 2001/02

United Kingdom

Percentages

		Age group			<i>Unweighted base = 100%</i>
		Under 16	16-64	65 and over	
White	%	19	65	16	335758
Black Caribbean	%	25	67	9	3187
Indian	%	22	71	6	5667
Other Black	%	35	60	5	337
Chinese	%	18	77	5	1033
Pakistani	%	35	61	4	4412
Other Asian	%	22	74	4	1330
Other	%	20	76	4	1760
Bangladeshi	%	38	58	3	1693
Mixed	%	55	43	2	2900
Black African	%	33	66	2	2730
All ethnic groups	%	20	65	15	360807

Sample size too small for a reliable estimate of the Other Black group aged 65 and over.

Source: Compiled from Annual Local Area Labour Force Survey, 2001/02, Office for National Statistics

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Table 15: Census 2001, Population by Ethnic Group (percentages)

	ALL PEOPLE	White	White, British	White, Irish	White, Other White	Mixed	Mixed, White and Black Caribbean	Mixed, White and Black African	Mixed, White and Asian	Mixed, Other Mixed	Asian or Asian British	Asian or Asian British, Indian	Asian or Asian British, Pakistani	Asian or Asian British, Bangladeshi	Asian or Asian British, Other Asian	Black or Black British	Black or Black British, Caribbean	Black or Black British, African	Black or Black British, Other Black	Chinese or Other Ethnic Group	Chinese or Other Ethnic Group, Chinese	Chinese or Other Ethnic Group, Other Ethnic Group
City of London	7,185	84.6%	68.3%	3.4%	12.9%	2.3%	0.5%	0.2%	0.8%	0.8%	6.8%	2.2%	0.3%	3.8%	0.5%	2.6%	0.7%	1.6%	0.2%	3.8%	2.0%	1.7%
Camden	198,020	73.2%	52.7%	4.6%	15.8%	3.8%	0.8%	0.6%	1.0%	1.3%	10.4%	2.3%	0.6%	6.3%	1.1%	8.3%	1.8%	6.0%	0.5%	4.4%	1.8%	2.7%
Hackney	202,824	59.4%	44.1%	3.0%	12.3%	4.2%	1.5%	0.8%	0.8%	1.1%	8.6%	3.8%	1.1%	2.9%	0.8%	24.7%	10.3%	12.0%	2.4%	3.2%	1.2%	2.0%
+Hammersmith and Fulham	165,242	77.8%	58.0%	4.8%	15.0%	3.8%	1.2%	0.6%	1.0%	1.0%	4.4%	1.7%	1.0%	0.6%	1.1%	11.1%	5.2%	4.9%	1.1%	2.8%	0.8%	2.0%
Haringey	216,507	65.6%	45.3%	4.3%	16.1%	4.5%	1.5%	0.7%	1.1%	1.3%	6.7%	2.9%	0.9%	1.4%	1.5%	20.0%	9.5%	9.2%	1.4%	3.1%	1.1%	2.0%
Islington	175,797	75.4%	56.8%	5.7%	12.9%	4.1%	1.3%	0.7%	0.9%	1.2%	5.4%	1.6%	0.5%	2.4%	0.8%	11.9%	4.9%	6.0%	1.0%	3.3%	1.7%	1.5%
Kensington and Chelsea	158,919	78.6%	50.1%	3.3%	25.3%	4.1%	0.8%	0.7%	1.2%	1.4%	4.9%	2.0%	0.8%	0.7%	1.4%	7.0%	2.6%	3.8%	0.6%	5.5%	1.6%	3.8%
Lambeth	266,169	62.4%	49.6%	3.3%	9.6%	4.8%	2.0%	0.8%	0.8%	1.2%	4.6%	2.0%	1.0%	0.8%	0.8%	25.8%	12.1%	11.6%	2.1%	2.5%	1.3%	1.2%
Lewisham	248,922	65.9%	57.0%	2.8%	6.1%	4.2%	1.9%	0.6%	0.6%	1.0%	3.8%	1.4%	0.4%	0.5%	1.5%	23.4%	12.3%	9.1%	2.1%	2.7%	1.4%	1.3%
Newham	243,891	39.4%	33.8%	1.3%	4.3%	3.4%	1.2%	0.7%	0.7%	0.8%	32.5%	12.1%	8.5%	8.8%	3.1%	21.6%	7.4%	13.1%	1.1%	3.1%	1.0%	2.1%
Southwark	244,866	63.0%	52.2%	3.1%	7.7%	3.7%	1.4%	0.8%	0.5%	1.0%	4.1%	1.5%	0.5%	1.5%	0.6%	25.9%	8.0%	16.1%	1.8%	3.3%	1.8%	1.4%
Tower Hamlets	196,106	51.4%	42.9%	1.9%	6.5%	2.5%	0.8%	0.4%	0.7%	0.6%	36.6%	1.5%	0.8%	33.4%	0.9%	6.5%	2.7%	3.4%	0.5%	3.0%	1.8%	1.2%
Wandsworth	260,380	78.0%	64.8%	3.1%	10.0%	3.4%	1.1%	0.5%	0.9%	0.9%	6.9%	2.8%	2.1%	0.4%	1.6%	9.6%	4.9%	3.8%	0.9%	2.1%	0.9%	1.3%
Westminster	181,286	73.2%	48.5%	3.6%	21.1%	4.1%	0.8%	0.7%	1.3%	1.4%	8.9%	3.1%	1.0%	2.8%	2.0%	7.4%	3.1%	3.7%	0.7%	6.3%	2.2%	4.1%
Inner London	2,766,114	65.7%	50.5%	3.4%	11.8%	3.9%	1.3%	0.7%	0.9%	1.1%	10.6%	3.1%	1.6%	4.6%	1.3%	16.4%	6.9%	8.3%	1.3%	3.4%	1.4%	2.0%
Barking and Dagenham	163,944	85.2%	80.9%	1.7%	2.7%	1.9%	0.9%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	5.1%	2.2%	1.9%	0.4%	0.5%	7.0%	2.1%	4.4%	0.4%	0.9%	0.5%	0.4%
Barnet	314,564	74.0%	59.9%	3.4%	10.8%	3.0%	0.5%	0.5%	1.0%	1.0%	12.3%	8.6%	1.3%	0.5%	2.0%	6.0%	1.3%	4.3%	0.3%	4.6%	2.0%	2.6%
Bexley	218,307	91.4%	87.9%	1.4%	2.1%	1.3%	0.4%	0.2%	0.4%	0.3%	3.4%	2.5%	0.2%	0.2%	0.5%	2.9%	0.8%	1.9%	0.2%	1.1%	0.7%	0.3%
Brent	263,464	45.3%	29.2%	7.0%	9.1%	3.7%	1.0%	0.7%	1.0%	1.1%	27.7%	18.5%	4.0%	0.4%	4.8%	19.9%	10.5%	7.8%	1.6%	3.4%	1.1%	2.3%
Bromley	295,532	91.6%	86.5%	1.6%	3.5%	1.9%	0.6%	0.2%	0.6%	0.5%	2.6%	1.5%	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%	2.9%	1.6%	1.1%	0.2%	1.1%	0.6%	0.5%
Croydon	330,587	70.2%	63.7%	2.2%	4.3%	3.7%	1.4%	0.4%	1.1%	0.8%	11.3%	6.4%	2.2%	0.5%	2.1%	13.3%	7.9%	4.4%	1.0%	1.5%	0.7%	0.8%
Ealing	300,948	58.7%	44.9%	4.7%	9.1%	3.6%	1.0%	0.4%	1.2%	1.0%	24.5%	16.5%	3.7%	0.4%	3.9%	8.8%	4.5%	3.7%	0.6%	4.3%	1.2%	3.1%
Enfield	273,559	77.1%	61.2%	3.1%	12.9%	3.0%	0.9%	0.4%	0.8%	0.8%	7.8%	4.0%	0.6%	1.3%	1.9%	10.5%	5.3%	4.3%	0.8%	1.7%	0.7%	1.0%
Greenwich	214,403	77.1%	70.6%	2.3%	4.3%	2.7%	1.0%	0.4%	0.6%	0.6%	6.8%	4.4%	0.9%	0.6%	0.9%	11.1%	3.2%	7.1%	0.8%	2.3%	1.2%	1.1%
Harrow	206,814	58.8%	49.9%	4.4%	4.5%	2.8%	0.7%	0.3%	1.0%	0.9%	29.6%	21.9%	2.1%	0.5%	5.2%	6.1%	3.0%	2.7%	0.5%	2.6%	1.2%	1.4%
Havering	224,248	95.2%	92.0%	1.5%	1.6%	1.0%	0.4%	0.1%	0.3%	0.2%	1.8%	1.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	1.4%	0.7%	0.6%	0.1%	0.6%	0.4%	0.2%
Hillingdon	243,006	79.1%	72.5%	2.8%	3.7%	2.3%	0.6%	0.3%	0.8%	0.6%	13.6%	9.6%	1.6%	0.6%	1.9%	3.3%	1.3%	1.7%	0.2%	1.7%	0.8%	1.0%
Hounslow	212,341	64.9%	55.8%	2.9%	6.2%	3.0%	0.7%	0.4%	1.1%	0.9%	24.7%	17.3%	4.3%	0.5%	2.6%	4.4%	1.3%	2.7%	0.3%	3.0%	0.9%	2.1%
Kingston upon Thames	147,273	84.5%	75.9%	2.2%	6.4%	2.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.9%	0.7%	7.8%	3.6%	1.3%	0.3%	2.6%	1.6%	0.5%	1.0%	0.1%	3.9%	1.4%	2.5%
Merton	187,908	75.0%	64.1%	2.9%	8.0%	3.1%	0.9%	0.4%	1.0%	0.8%	11.1%	4.3%	2.4%	0.9%	3.5%	7.8%	3.7%	3.4%	0.6%	3.0%	1.3%	1.7%
Redbridge	238,635	63.5%	57.5%	2.3%	3.7%	2.4%	0.8%	0.3%	0.8%	0.6%	25.0%	14.0%	6.2%	1.8%	3.0%	7.6%	3.8%	3.3%	0.5%	1.5%	0.8%	0.6%
Richmond upon Thames	172,335	91.0%	78.7%	2.8%	9.5%	2.2%	0.4%	0.3%	0.9%	0.7%	3.9%	2.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.7%	0.9%	0.4%	0.5%	0.1%	2.0%	0.8%	1.3%
Sutton	179,768	89.2%	83.7%	2.0%	3.4%	2.1%	0.7%	0.2%	0.7%	0.5%	4.7%	2.3%	0.7%	0.3%	1.4%	2.6%	1.1%	1.2%	0.2%	1.4%	0.7%	0.8%
Waltham Forest	218,341	64.5%	55.7%	2.3%	6.4%	3.5%	1.4%	0.5%	0.7%	0.9%	14.8%	3.5%	7.9%	1.0%	2.3%	15.4%	8.2%	5.8%	1.5%	1.8%	0.7%	1.1%
Outer London	4,405,977	74.6%	65.6%	2.9%	6.1%	2.7%	0.8%	0.4%	0.8%	0.7%	13.0%	8.0%	2.3%	0.6%	2.2%	7.5%	3.5%	3.4%	0.6%	2.3%	0.9%	1.3%

Source : Compiled from ONS 2001 Census

Table 16: Numbers of people living in all-pensioner households in London.

	People - All Households	One person, - Pensioner		One family and no others, - All pensioner		Other households, - all pensioner		Total all-pensioner households	
City of London	6,861	626 (9.1%)		280 (4.1%)		17 (0.2%)		923 (13.5%)	
Camden	188,724	10,894 (5.8%)		5,482 (2.9%)		682 (0.4%)		17,058 (9.0%)	
Hackney	201,215	10,326 (5.1%)		4,184 (2.1%)		592 (0.3%)		15,102 (7.5%)	
Hammersmith and Fulham	163,184	9,714 (6.0%)		4,183 (2.6%)		602 (0.4%)		14,499 (8.9%)	
Haringey	214,377	9,519 (4.4%)		6,348 (3.0%)		751 (0.4%)		16,618 (7.8%)	
Islington	172,262	9,613 (5.6%)		4,484 (2.6%)		598 (0.3%)		14,695 (8.5%)	
Kensington and Chelsea	155,435	11,925 (7.7%)		3,896 (2.5%)		386 (0.2%)		16,207 (10.4%)	
Lambeth	263,098	11,817 (4.5%)		6,619 (2.5%)		915 (0.3%)		19,351 (7.4%)	
Lewisham	246,555	12,245 (5.0%)		9,164 (3.7%)		869 (0.4%)		22,278 (9.0%)	
Newham	242,196	10,140 (4.2%)		5,766 (2.4%)		679 (0.3%)		16,585 (6.8%)	
Southwark	239,512	12,236 (5.1%)		7,425 (3.1%)		754 (0.3%)		20,415 (8.5%)	
Tower Hamlets	193,987	8,673 (4.5%)		4,595 (2.4%)		575 (0.3%)		13,843 (7.1%)	
Wandsworth	255,973	12,577 (4.9%)		8,028 (3.1%)		890 (0.3%)		21,495 (8.4%)	
Westminster	175,013	12,765 (7.3%)		5,617 (3.2%)		701 (0.4%)		19,083 (10.9%)	
Inner London	2,718,392	143,070 (5.3%)		76,071 (2.8%)		9,011 (0.3%)		228,152 (8.4%)	
Barking and Dagenham	162,717	10,226 (6.3%)		9,607 (5.9%)		564 (0.3%)		20,397 (12.5%)	
Barnet	310,255	17,180 (5.5%)		17,889 (5.8%)		1,241 (0.4%)		36,310 (11.7%)	
Bexley	217,262	13,200 (6.1%)		16,531 (7.6%)		786 (0.4%)		30,517 (14.0%)	
Brent	261,232	10,859 (4.2%)		9,401 (3.6%)		1,146 (0.4%)		21,406 (8.2%)	
Bromley	292,729	18,760 (6.4%)		23,673 (8.1%)		1,320 (0.5%)		43,753 (14.9%)	
Croydon	327,472	16,626 (5.1%)		17,337 (5.3%)		1,177 (0.4%)		35,140 (10.7%)	
Ealing	298,269	14,117 (4.7%)		11,291 (3.8%)		954 (0.3%)		26,362 (8.8%)	
Enfield	270,314	14,882 (5.5%)		15,034 (5.6%)		998 (0.4%)		30,914 (11.4%)	
Greenwich	211,792	12,995 (6.1%)		10,063 (4.8%)		695 (0.3%)		23,753 (11.2%)	
Harrow	205,099	10,846 (5.3%)		12,562 (6.1%)		744 (0.4%)		24,152 (11.8%)	
Havering	222,568	14,306 (6.4%)		19,929 (9.0%)		814 (0.4%)		35,049 (15.7%)	
Hillingdon	238,777	12,766 (5.3%)		15,159 (6.3%)		809 (0.3%)		28,734 (12.0%)	
Hounslow	210,519	9,670 (4.6%)		8,885 (4.2%)		639 (0.3%)		19,194 (9.1%)	
Kingston upon Thames	143,969	7,996 (5.6%)		8,160 (5.7%)		498 (0.3%)		16,654 (11.6%)	
Merton	186,860	10,119 (5.4%)		9,038 (4.8%)		774 (0.4%)		19,931 (10.7%)	
Redbridge	236,171	12,383 (5.2%)		13,845 (5.9%)		798 (0.3%)		27,026 (11.4%)	
Richmond upon Thames	169,642	10,490 (6.2%)		9,360 (5.5%)		671 (0.4%)		20,521 (12.1%)	
Sutton	178,004	10,544 (5.9%)		11,125 (6.2%)		689 (0.4%)		22,358 (12.6%)	
Waltham Forest	216,589	11,051 (5.1%)		9,029 (4.2%)		696 (0.3%)		20,776 (9.6%)	
Outer London	4,360,240	239,016 (5.5%)		247,918 (5.7%)		16,013 (0.4%)		502,947 (11.5%)	
London	7,078,632	382,086 (5.4%)		323,989 (4.6%)		25,024 (0.4%)		731,099 (10.3%)	

Source: Compiled from ONS 2001 Census

Table 17: **Pensioners living alone as a percentage of all pensioners.**

	All Pensioners	Pensioners living alone	
City of London	1,280	626	(48.9%)
Camden	29,327	10,894	(37.1%)
Hackney	25,535	10,326	(40.4%)
Hammersmith and Fulham	22,599	9,714	(43.0%)
Haringey	27,613	9,519	(34.5%)
Islington	25,351	9,613	(37.9%)
Kensington and Chelsea	20,697	11,925	(57.6%)
Lambeth	35,411	11,817	(33.4%)
Lewisham	38,982	12,245	(31.4%)
Newham	29,863	10,140	(34.0%)
Southwark	36,078	12,236	(33.9%)
Tower Hamlets	24,120	8,673	(36.0%)
Wandsworth	39,704	12,577	(31.7%)
Westminster	31,090	12,765	(41.1%)
Inner London	387,650	143,070	(36.9%)
Barking and Dagenham	31,088	10,226	(32.9%)
Barnet	54,101	17,180	(31.8%)
Bexley	37,556	13,200	(35.1%)
Brent	33,816	10,859	(32.1%)
Bromley	56,975	18,760	(32.9%)
Croydon	50,218	16,626	(33.1%)
Ealing	42,436	14,117	(33.3%)
Enfield	44,852	14,882	(33.2%)
Greenwich	36,209	12,995	(35.9%)
Harrow	34,920	10,846	(31.1%)
Havering	42,599	14,306	(33.6%)
Hillingdon	39,487	12,766	(32.3%)
Hounslow	31,009	9,670	(31.2%)
Kingston upon Thames	24,687	7,996	(32.4%)
Merton	30,202	10,119	(33.5%)
Redbridge	39,764	12,383	(31.1%)
Richmond upon Thames	30,922	10,490	(33.9%)
Sutton	31,102	10,544	(33.9%)
Waltham Forest	35,265	11,051	(31.3%)
Outer London	727,208	239,016	(32.9%)
London	1,114,858	382,086	(34.3%)

Source: Compiled from ONS 2001 Census

Table 18: Pensioner households by tenure.

	All pensioner households ¹	Owned		Rented from council		Other social rented		Private rented and living rent free	
City of London	867	376	(43.4%)	304	(35.1%)	92	(10.6%)	95	(11.0%)
Camden	17,758	6,170	(34.7%)	6,408	(36.1%)	2,041	(11.5%)	3,139	(17.7%)
Hackney	16,544	3,694	(22.3%)	7,928	(47.9%)	3,284	(19.9%)	1,638	(9.9%)
Hammersmith and Fulham	15,278	5,546	(36.3%)	4,978	(32.6%)	2,544	(16.7%)	2,210	(14.5%)
Haringey	17,230	8,610	(50.0%)	4,648	(27.0%)	1,908	(11.1%)	2,064	(12.0%)
Islington	15,621	3,793	(24.3%)	7,862	(50.3%)	2,576	(16.5%)	1,390	(8.9%)
Kensington and Chelsea	17,575	7,067	(40.2%)	2,308	(13.1%)	4,484	(25.5%)	3,716	(21.1%)
Lambeth	20,208	6,806	(33.7%)	7,637	(37.8%)	3,416	(16.9%)	2,349	(11.6%)
Lewisham	22,021	10,595	(48.1%)	7,853	(35.7%)	1,811	(8.2%)	1,762	(8.0%)
Newham	17,616	7,723	(43.8%)	5,878	(33.4%)	1,858	(10.5%)	2,157	(12.2%)
Southwark	21,131	5,740	(27.2%)	11,386	(53.9%)	2,412	(11.4%)	1,593	(7.5%)
Tower Hamlets	15,090	3,386	(22.4%)	7,967	(52.8%)	2,700	(17.9%)	1,037	(6.9%)
Wandsworth	21,714	10,898	(50.2%)	5,671	(26.1%)	2,325	(10.7%)	2,820	(13.0%)
Westminster	19,597	6,622	(33.8%)	3,713	(18.9%)	4,064	(20.7%)	5,198	(26.5%)
Inner London	238,250	87,026	(36.5%)	84,541	(35.5%)	35,515	(14.9%)	31,168	(13.1%)
Barking and Dagenham	18,887	10,065	(53.3%)	7,705	(40.8%)	346	(1.8%)	771	(4.1%)
Barnet	33,169	23,830	(71.8%)	4,435	(13.4%)	1,751	(5.3%)	3,153	(9.5%)
Bexley	25,878	20,156	(77.9%)	734	(2.8%)	3,840	(14.8%)	1,148	(4.4%)
Brent	22,307	14,197	(63.6%)	3,081	(13.8%)	2,623	(11.8%)	2,406	(10.8%)
Bromley	36,684	28,706	(78.3%)	712	(1.9%)	5,331	(14.5%)	1,935	(5.3%)
Croydon	31,819	22,696	(71.3%)	4,535	(14.3%)	1,876	(5.9%)	2,712	(8.5%)
Ealing	26,277	17,200	(65.5%)	4,679	(17.8%)	1,953	(7.4%)	2,445	(9.3%)
Enfield	28,560	20,666	(72.4%)	4,769	(16.7%)	937	(3.3%)	2,188	(7.7%)
Greenwich	22,260	10,874	(48.8%)	7,602	(34.2%)	2,445	(11.0%)	1,339	(6.0%)
Harrow	21,441	16,677	(77.8%)	2,005	(9.4%)	1,008	(4.7%)	1,751	(8.2%)
Havering	29,101	22,509	(77.3%)	4,602	(15.8%)	645	(2.2%)	1,345	(4.6%)
Hillingdon	25,131	18,518	(73.7%)	4,262	(17.0%)	933	(3.7%)	1,418	(5.6%)
Hounslow	18,236	11,444	(62.8%)	4,277	(23.5%)	1,065	(5.8%)	1,450	(8.0%)
Kingston upon Thames	14,617	11,022	(75.4%)	1,832	(12.5%)	530	(3.6%)	1,233	(8.4%)
Merton	18,601	12,816	(68.9%)	2,617	(14.1%)	1,360	(7.3%)	1,808	(9.7%)
Redbridge	24,156	18,844	(78.0%)	2,150	(8.9%)	1,176	(4.9%)	1,986	(8.2%)
Richmond upon Thames	18,242	13,114	(71.9%)	921	(5.0%)	2,360	(12.9%)	1,847	(10.1%)
Sutton	19,566	14,415	(73.7%)	3,043	(15.6%)	1,155	(5.9%)	953	(4.9%)
Waltham Forest	19,889	11,826	(59.5%)	4,000	(20.1%)	2,008	(10.1%)	2,055	(10.3%)
Outer London	454,821	319,575	(70.3%)	67,961	(14.9%)	33,342	(7.3%)	33,943	(7.5%)
London	693,071	406,601	(58.7%)	152,502	(22.0%)	68,857	(9.9%)	65,111	(9.4%)
England and Wales	6,152,362	4,212,584	(68.5%)	1,037,461	(16.9%)	437,149	(7.1%)	465,168	(7.6%)

¹ Households where Household Reference Person (HRP) is of pensionable age

Source: Compiled from ONS 2001 Census

Table 19: Age-standardised mortality rates¹: by cause² and sex, 2001

	All circulatory diseases			All respiratory diseases		Cancer ³	All injuries and poisonings			Rates per 100,000 population	
	Total	Ischaemic heart disease	Cerebro-vascular disease	Total	Bronchitis and allied conditions		Total	Road traffic accidents	Suicides and open verdicts	All other causes	All causes ⁴
Males											
United Kingdom	351	207	75	104	45	254	43	10	16	140	892
London	339	193	71	117	48	252	37	7	13	146	890
England	343	201	73	103	45	248	41	9	14	136	870
Females											
United Kingdom	396	173	129	128	40	243	24	3	5	208	999
London	364	152	111	142	39	235	21	3	5	202	963
England	386	167	126	126	38	238	23	3	4	207	981
All people											
United Kingdom	378	192	103	117	44	251	33	6	10	175	954
London	355	175	92	131	44	246	28	5	9	174	935
England	369	187	100	116	42	246	31	6	9	172	935

¹ Based on deaths registered in 2001. Rates standardised to the mid-1991 United Kingdom population for males and females separately. See Notes and Definitions.

² Deaths at ages under 28 days occurring in England and Wales are not assigned an underlying cause.

³ Malignant neoplasms only.

⁴ Including deaths at ages under 28 days.

Source: Office for National Statistics; General Register Office for Scotland; Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency

Table 20: Age specific death rates: by sex, 2001¹

Deaths per 1,000 population for specific age groups				
	55-64	65-74	75-84	85 and over
<i>Males</i>				
United Kingdom	10.4	28.8	75.0	187.4
London	11.2	28.8	74.0	179.4
England	10.0	27.9	74.0	186.7
<i>Females</i>				
United Kingdom	6.4	17.9	51.0	156.3
London	6.6	17.7	47.9	149.9
England	6.2	17.3	50.1	155.3
<i>All people</i>				
United Kingdom	8.4	23.0	60.5	164.9
London	8.8	22.9	58.3	158.2
England	8.1	22.3	59.7	164.0

¹ Based on the usual area of residence of the deceased. The UK figures have been calculated on all deaths registered in the UK in 2001 ie including deaths of persons usually resident outside the UK

Source: Office for National Statistics (ONS), Regional Trends 38: 2004 edition.

Table 21: Percentage of people aged 65 and over reporting poor health by ethnicity, Inner and Outer London

	Inner London (%)			Outer London (%)		
	All	Men	Women	All	Men	Women
Limiting long-term illness						
ALL 65 plus	52.2	50.1	53.8	49.0	46.3	50.9
White	51.5	49.3	53.0	48.4	46.0	50.1
Mixed	50.4	48.5	52.1	46.8	44.6	48.7
Asian or Asian British	61.8	60.5	63.6	57.3	51.4	63.4
Black or Black British	54.0	50.0	58.0	49.1	43.7	54.3
Chinese or other ethnic group	49.3	45.6	52.5	46.6	41.6	50.7
'Not good health'						
ALL 65 plus		26.2	27.5		20.8	23.5
White		25.3	26.3		20.4	22.5
Mixed		25.8	28.7		19.3	23.8
Asian or Asian British		33.4	37.8		24.7	36.1
Black or Black British		29.3	35.0		24.1	31.0
Chinese or other ethnic group		23.6	28.3		18.7	25.6

From: Growing Old in London, SAGE, 2003

Source: ONS 2001 Census.

Table 22: Percentage of each age group reporting 'not good health'.

Age Group	50 to 54	55 to 59	60 to 64	65 to 69	70 to 74	75 to 79	80 to 84	85 to 89	90 +
England and Wales	12.4%	15.7%	17.8%	17.6%	20.4%	24.3%	28.4%	33.5%	34.0%
LONDON	13.0%	16.5%	18.4%	18.6%	20.8%	24.1%	27.8%	33.1%	34.4%
Inner London	16.7%	20.7%	22.6%	23.0%	24.9%	27.4%	30.0%	34.4%	35.0%
Camden	17.6%	18.5%	22.6%	19.9%	22.3%	24.8%	29.3%	31.2%	32.1%
City of London	8.6%	12.3%	15.0%	11.0%	18.4%	22.6%	25.5%	27.2%	40.0%
Greenwich	15.6%	19.3%	20.5%	20.6%	22.0%	24.9%	28.8%	32.6%	35.5%
Hackney	21.8%	29.3%	29.8%	29.0%	31.5%	34.0%	36.5%	42.8%	39.9%
Hammersmith and Fulham	14.5%	19.9%	20.7%	21.0%	23.5%	25.3%	28.1%	35.7%	42.3%
Islington	20.1%	26.2%	26.0%	26.1%	28.2%	30.7%	30.9%	36.4%	40.1%
Kensington and Chelsea	11.6%	12.8%	14.1%	18.8%	16.0%	20.7%	23.5%	27.6%	34.0%
Lambeth	15.8%	20.5%	22.5%	23.3%	25.4%	28.6%	29.6%	34.7%	30.9%
Lewisham	15.0%	19.2%	20.2%	21.6%	23.6%	26.0%	28.0%	32.5%	34.5%
Southwark	17.1%	21.8%	23.5%	22.7%	25.1%	27.5%	29.3%	34.7%	28.7%
Tower Hamlets	23.3%	28.3%	31.0%	27.9%	30.4%	32.2%	35.4%	38.7%	39.7%
Wandsworth	12.6%	15.7%	19.0%	18.8%	21.8%	24.7%	29.4%	33.0%	34.9%
Westminster	14.2%	15.4%	16.8%	18.3%	21.3%	23.1%	27.3%	31.1%	30.7%
Outer London	11.2%	14.5%	16.3%	16.5%	18.8%	22.6%	26.8%	32.5%	34.2%
Barking and Dagenham	16.8%	21.4%	22.5%	22.5%	25.4%	28.7%	34.6%	40.5%	36.4%
Barnet	9.8%	12.8%	14.0%	14.7%	16.9%	21.3%	25.0%	31.7%	32.9%
Bexley	9.6%	12.1%	14.3%	14.6%	17.1%	22.2%	26.5%	31.7%	34.3%
Brent	14.7%	19.1%	21.1%	20.9%	23.9%	27.4%	31.0%	35.7%	41.9%
Bromley	8.3%	10.4%	11.8%	12.0%	15.4%	19.0%	23.2%	27.5%	30.2%
Croydon	10.5%	13.4%	15.8%	15.9%	18.0%	21.6%	24.8%	30.2%	32.3%
Ealing	13.9%	18.4%	20.0%	20.3%	22.6%	25.3%	28.3%	35.6%	35.0%
Enfield	11.7%	15.5%	17.5%	17.4%	19.4%	23.7%	28.0%	33.7%	36.0%
Haringey	15.9%	20.3%	22.5%	23.6%	25.1%	27.2%	30.5%	36.1%	33.4%
Harrow	9.2%	12.4%	13.3%	14.8%	16.9%	20.6%	25.5%	33.6%	31.5%
Havering	10.1%	12.8%	14.5%	15.4%	17.6%	22.3%	27.2%	34.7%	36.6%
Hillingdon	10.7%	13.7%	14.8%	15.1%	17.2%	21.1%	24.7%	29.9%	33.5%
Hounslow	13.1%	16.9%	19.9%	19.1%	21.1%	23.3%	28.6%	34.1%	33.2%
Kingston upon Thames	8.8%	10.5%	12.6%	12.8%	15.3%	18.4%	24.2%	29.3%	32.9%
Merton	10.1%	14.5%	15.5%	15.9%	18.0%	22.5%	27.5%	32.8%	34.8%
Newham	21.8%	27.4%	29.8%	29.1%	30.7%	33.3%	34.7%	38.8%	40.9%
Redbridge	12.1%	15.3%	17.8%	16.8%	19.6%	24.2%	29.8%	33.5%	36.8%
Richmond upon Thames	7.3%	9.1%	10.9%	12.0%	15.0%	18.7%	22.9%	27.0%	32.0%
Sutton	8.8%	11.8%	13.5%	14.1%	17.0%	19.0%	23.6%	30.9%	30.9%
Waltham Forest	15.1%	19.2%	20.5%	20.5%	22.7%	27.3%	30.2%	37.2%	36.6%

Source: ONS Census 2001, compiled from S016 and ST016

Table 23: Projected number of people with dementia in London, 1998-2011

	1998	2001	2006	2011
City of London	100	100	100	100
Barking and Dagenham	2,000	2,100	2,000	1,900
Barnet	4,000	3,700	3,500	3,300
Bexley	2,700	2,700	2,800	2,800
Brent	2,100	2,400	2,400	2,500
Bromley	4,200	4,100	4,000	3,900
Camden	2,100	1,900	1,800	1,800
Croydon	3,500	3,600	3,700	3,700
Ealing	2,900	2,900	2,800	2,700
Enfield	3,300	3,100	3,000	2,900
Greenwich	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,200
Hackney	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700
Hammersmith and Fulham	1,500	1,300	1,200	1,100
Haringey	1,900	1,800	1,800	1,700
Harrow	2,600	2,400	2,300	2,200
Havering	2,900	2,900	3,000	3,000
Hillingdon	2,900	2,800	2,700	2,600
Hounslow	2,200	2,100	2,000	2,000
Islington	1,700	1,600	1,600	1,600
Kensington and Chelsea	1,700	1,500	1,400	1,400
Kingston upon Thames	1,800	1,700	1,500	1,400
Lambeth	2,300	2,400	2,300	2,200
Lewisham	2,600	2,400	2,300	2,100
Merton	2,100	2,100	2,000	2,000
Newham	1,900	2,000	1,900	1,900
Redbridge	2,900	2,800	2,700	2,700
Richmond upon Thames	2,400	2,200	2,000	1,900
Southwark	2,200	2,400	2,400	2,300
Sutton	2,300	2,100	2,000	1,900
Tower Hamlets	1,600	1,600	1,500	1,500
Waltham Forest	2,400	2,400	2,300	2,300
Wandsworth	2,800	2,400	2,200	2,000
Westminster, City of	2,300	2,100	2,000	1,900
Inner London	24,800	25,100	24,200	23,400
Outer London	52,900	50,600	49,300	47,900
Greater London	77,700	75,700	73,500	71,300

From: Dementia in London, Social Care Bulletin, 4, March 2000, London Research Centre
 Source: LRC estimates based on Alzheimer's Society prevalence rates and LRC 1999 round of demographic projections

Table 24: **Estimated number of dementia cases in London, 2002**

	Dementia cases (estimated numbers among population aged 50 and over)
ENGLAND AND WALES	699,500
ENGLAND	657,300
LONDON	74,300
Inner London	22,800
Camden	1,700
City of London	100
Hackney	1,500
Hammersmith and Fulham	1,400
Haringey	1,600
Islington	1,400
Kensington and Chelsea	1,700
Lambeth	1,900
Lewisham	2,300
Newham	1,700
Southwark	2,000
Tower Hamlets	1,400
Wandsworth	2,200
Westminster	1,800
Outer London	51,500
Barking and Dagenham	2,000
Barnet	4,000
Bexley	2,900
Brent	2,400
Bromley	4,300
Croydon	3,600
Ealing	2,800
Enfield	3,200
Greenwich	2,400
Harrow	2,600
Havering	3,200
Hillingdon	2,800
Hounslow	2,000
Kingston upon Thames	1,800
Merton	2,100
Redbridge	2,900
Richmond upon Thames	2,100
Sutton	2,300
Waltham Forest	2,200

Source: CPA estimates based on Alzheimer's Society prevalence rates and ONS Mid 2002 population estimates

Developing policy and practice for older people in London; facts and figures, CPA June 2004

Table 25: **Council supported residents in PERMANENT residential and nursing care by age group and type of care (1)**

Government Office Region	All ages		People aged under 65		People aged 65-74		People aged 75-84		People aged 85 or over	
	Residential	Nursing	Residential	Nursing	Residential	Nursing	Residential	Nursing	Residential	Nursing
ENGLAND	188,070	76,650	48,960	8,715	15,705	9,625	46,480	26,055	76,925	32,255
LONDON	21,895	9,360	9,020	865	1,940	1,540	4,120	3,015	6,815	3,940
Inner London	8,720	3,720	3,765	410	835	735	1,690	1,220	2,430	1,355
Camden	760	220	245	25	70	60	185	60	255	80
Greenwich	700	260	240	25	65	35	170	100	225	95
Hackney	800	160	350	25	75	20	150	45	225	65
Hammersmith & Fulham	465	250	195	25	40	35	80	95	150	95
Islington	550	270	200	5	55	35	130	110	165	115
Kensington & Chelsea	370	100	165	0	30	15	80	30	100	50
Lambeth	1,020	490	575	85	105	70	140	170	205	165
Lewisham	930	420	445	40	75	235	170	70	240	80
Southwark	830	510	375	80	85	70	145	170	225	190
Tower Hamlets	635	310	235	20	65	60	155	120	180	105
Wandsworth	945	465	455	30	75	70	165	160	255	205
Westminster	675	255	265	45	90	25	115	85	210	100
City of London	40	10	30	0	-	-	-	-	-	5

Table 25 (continued): **Council supported residents in PERMANENT residential and nursing care by age group and type of care (1)**

	All ages		People aged under 65		People aged 65-74		People aged 75-84		People aged 85 or over	
	Residential	Nursing	Residential	Nursing	Residential	Nursing	Residential	Nursing	Residential	Nursing
Outer London	13,175	5,640	5,255	455	1,105	805	2,430	1,795	4,385	2,585
Barking & Dagenham	560	530	80	20	35	50	165	160	280	300
Barnet	1,240	270	415	10	95	25	240	95	490	145
Bexley	580	225	280	20	20	15	95	65	185	130
Brent	550	355	275	40	50	60	95	120	125	135
Bromley	515	440	260	30	115	215	80	140	65	50
Croydon	930	440	495	30	45	35	140	140	250	235
Ealing	660	425	270	60	60	55	130	125	200	185
Enfield	895	225	310	15	60	20	170	95	355	95
Haringey	875	160	365	25	105	30	155	40	245	65
Harrow	580	155	230	0	40	5	85	45	225	100
Havering	570	305	210	15	30	25	110	95	215	170
Hillingdon	770	215	360	25	65	30	150	60	200	105
Hounslow	635	345	290	15	70	50	100	120	170	160
Kingston-upon-Thames	400	220	175	15	25	20	80	70	120	115
Merton	495	190	225	15	55	20	70	55	145	100
Newham	730	255	310	10	70	40	140	105	210	100
Redbridge	665	240	215	10	45	15	110	70	295	140
Richmond upon Thames	540	185	210	20	35	15	90	65	200	85
Sutton	505	240	145	25	45	35	120	70	195	115
Waltham Forest	480	215	130	65	35	40	105	55	205	55

(1) Figures do not include residents in unstaffed homes

(2) Figures may not add up due to rounding

Table 26a: **Supply and demand for residential care**

	Demand (residents)	Supply (places)	Demand relative to 90% of supply
England	353,500	387,500	101%
Inner London	15,300	10,900	155%
Outer London	30,300	20,000	168%
South East (excluding London)	50,200	64,500	86%
London and the South East	95,800	95,500	111%

From: The residential care and nursing home sector for older people: An analysis of past trends, current and future demand, Department of Health, 2002

Table 26b: **Estimated demand and actual use of home care services**

	Estimated demand	Actual use	Demand relative to actual use
England	2,791,400	2,791,400	100%
Inner London	134,000	227,800	59%
Outer London	225,800	249,900	90%
South East (excluding London)	431,200	337,100	128%
London and the South East	791,100	814,900	97%

From: The residential care and nursing home sector for older people: An analysis of past trends, current and future demand, Department of Health, 2002

Table 26c: **Demand relative to supply for residential and home care services**

	Residential care estimated demand relative to 90% of supply	Home care demand relative to actual use
England	101%	100%
Inner London	155%	59%
Outer London	168%	90%
South East (excluding London)	86%	128%
London and the South East	111%	97%

From: The residential care and nursing home sector for older people: An analysis of past trends, current and future demand, Department of Health, 2002

Table27: Selected comparative performance indicators, services for older people, 2002-2003

	Average gross weekly expenditure per person on supporting older people in residential and nursing care (including full cost paying residents)	Supported admissions of older people to residential and nursing care per 10,000 population aged 65 and over	Older people helped to live at home per 1,000 population aged 65 or over	Admissions to hospital of people aged 75 or over due to hypothermia or injury caused by a fall per 1,000 head of population aged 75 or over	Percentage of single adults and older people going into residential and nursing care who were allocated single rooms	Average number of delayed transfers of care per 100,000 population aged 65 or over	Percentage of respondents to older people receiving home care survey claiming they were 'extremely satisfied' or 'very satisfied' with help from Social Services in their own home
Inner London							
Camden	515	129	142	31	97	123	52
City of London	432	114	177	26	100	80	.
Greenwich	451	113	75	18	97	67	53
Hackney	361	89	77	8	100	86	50
Hammersmith and Fulham	500	86	133	-	99	134	49
Islington	521	114	117	29	98	142	48
Kensington and Chelsea	642	44	83	-	100	67	59
Lambeth	393	108	160	21	100	146	39
Lewisham	479	121	106	16	94	94	63
Southwark	465	122	123	24	98	105	62
Tower Hamlets	468	98	187	21	100	93	67
Wandsworth	439	101	150	28	96	83	52
Westminster	518	84	106	-	99	112	59
Outer London							
Barking and Dagenham	508	124	61	21	89	82	58
Barnet	..	95	86	17	100	69	48
Bexley	424	76	114	16	97	58	54
Brent	268	87	72	-	100	77	54
Bromley	316	86	95	17	97	48	50
Croydon	459	65	104	16	86	72	46
Ealing	456	77	124	19	76	151	40
Enfield	470	67	77	17	92	48	48
Haringey	351	83	108	17	98	75	46
Harrow	468	80	70	-	98	39	46
Havering	391	99	71	17	99	53	42
Hillingdon	441	85	58	25	92	161	54
Hounslow	479	105	81	22	97	106	67
Kingston upon Thames	473	98	101	26	81	75	64
Merton	358	89	98	15	96	61	57
Newham	388	113	106	20	98	52	54
Redbridge	428	100	129	22	96	63	41
Richmond upon Thames	428	91	92	27	92	94	55
Sutton	477	106	87	10	56	144	50
Waltham Forest	255	81	86	25	95	36	47
England (Average)	360	101	84	21	93	57	57
Inner London (Average)	471	102	121	22	98	103	55
Outer London (Average)	399	89	91	19	93	77	51

Source: DH Social services performance assessment framework indicators 2002-3, Department of Health, London, 2004

Table 28: **Provision of unpaid care: Inner and Outer London**

All people aged 50 and over	Males							Females					
	50-64	55-59	60-64	65-74	75-84	85 and over	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-74	75-84	85 and over	
All people aged 50 and over	1,908,291	199,509	155,664	137,288	218,901	122,864	31,829	211,306	167,366	145,568	249,166	187,689	81,141
London													
1 to 19 hours	178,989	23,607	18,222	12,905	17,275	6,589	929	31,812	23,233	16,108	19,746	7,500	1,063
20 to 49 hours	31,318	2,989	2,566	2,237	3,174	1,627	318	5,308	4,409	3,161	3,774	1,473	282
50 or more hours	65,561	4,247	3,859	3,881	8,052	5,923	1,366	7,458	7,015	6,356	10,615	5,729	1,060
Does not provide care	1,632,423	168,666	131,017	118,265	190,400	108,725	29,216	166,728	132,709	119,943	215,031	172,987	78,736
Inner London													
1 to 19 hours	48,233	6,569	4,626	3,417	4,319	1,644	241	8,805	6,334	4,523	5,353	2,059	343
20 to 49 hours	10,048	990	803	763	990	461	69	1,767	1,400	1,036	1,217	452	100
50 or more hours	21,060	1,460	1,263	1,324	2,664	1,692	309	2,633	2,262	2,144	3,399	1,631	279
Does not provide care	543,753	56,988	43,545	41,807	64,795	35,459	8,819	56,700	45,786	42,039	70,613	53,957	23,245
Outer London													
1 to 19 hours	130,756	17,038	13,596	9,488	12,956	4,945	688	23,007	16,899	11,585	14,393	5,441	720
20 to 49 hours	21,270	1,999	1,763	1,474	2,184	1,166	249	3,541	3,009	2,125	2,557	1,021	182
50 or more hours	44,501	2,787	2,596	2,557	5,388	4,231	1,057	4,825	4,753	4,212	7,216	4,098	781
Does not provide care	1,088,670	111,678	87,472	76,458	125,605	73,266	20,397	110,028	86,923	77,904	144,418	119,030	55,491

From: Making Age Work for London, Age Concern London, 2003

Source: Census 2001 Table T05, Theme table on older people – England and Wales

Table 29: **Volunteering rates of people aged 50 or more (percent)**

Region	Male	Female	Total
East Midlands	20	23	22
Eastern	37	46	42
London	21	24	22
North East	0	11	6
North West	23	18	20
Scotland	18	21	19
South East	29	43	38
South West	25	38	33
Wales	47	46	47
West Midlands	20	23	22
Yorkshire and Humber	13	38	24
<i>Total</i>	23	32	28

From: The economic contribution of older people, Age Concern England, 2004
 Source: ONS Omnibus survey, March 2001 and June 2001

Table 30: **Estimated value of volunteering by people aged 50 or more, £m per annum.**

Region	Male	Female	Total
East Midlands	129	170	299
Eastern	305	442	747
London	174	237	441
North East	0	48	48
North West	232	215	447
Scotland	133	187	320
South East	351	616	967
South West	204	363	567
Wales	216	254	469
West Midlands	163	213	376
Yorkshire and Humber	97	329	426
<i>Total</i>	2,004	3,073	5,077

From: The economic contribution of older people, Age Concern England, 2004

Table 31: **Freedom Pass active members 2002/3**

	Freedom Pass * (average number of members)	Estimated population aged 60+	Maximum** take-up rate
Barking and Dagenham	21,445	29,800	72.0%
Barnet	46,534	57,900	80.4%
Bexley	36,535	45,000	81.2%
Brent	34,088	41,900	81.4%
Bromley	49,416	63,800	77.5%
Camden	27,108	27,900	97.2%
City of London	1,133	1,300	87.2%
Croydon	46,701	56,400	82.8%
Ealing	39,338	46,600	84.4%
Enfield	39,325	49,700	79.1%
Greenwich	29,841	35,900	83.1%
Hackney	21,910	25,200	86.9%
Hammersmith and Fulham	20,337	23,300	87.3%
Haringey	26,733	28,600	93.5%
Harrow	33,065	39,400	83.9%
Havering	39,336	51,000	77.1%
Hillingdon	35,862	44,100	81.3%
Hounslow	27,878	32,300	86.3%
Islington	24,233	23,600	100.0%
Kensington and Chelsea	18,985	27,000	70.3%
Kingston Upon Thames	19,777	24,900	79.4%
Lambeth	28,766	32,200	89.3%
Lewisham	32,804	35,600	92.1%
Merton	24,688	31,400	78.6%
Newham	27,898	29,200	95.5%
Redbridge	34,669	43,100	80.4%
Richmond	23,233	29,900	77.7%
Southwark	29,218	32,900	88.8%
Sutton	26,552	33,600	79.0%
Tower Hamlets	21,505	24,200	88.9%
Waltham Forest	28,635	33,600	85.2%
Wandsworth	31,118	34,600	89.9%
Westminster	28,002	29,100	96.2%
Total	976,668	1,165,000	83.8%

* Source: TEC statistics for 2002/3, Association of London Government

** Freedom pass is available to older people and some disabled people so the take-up rate among older people will be less than the figure quoted.

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